

# **S** Commands

This chapter describes the basic Cisco NX-OS system commands that begin with S.

## save

To save the current configuration session to a file, use the save command.

save location

## Syntax Description

location	Location of the file. The location can be in bootflash or volatile. The file
	name can be any alphanumeric string up to 63 characters.

#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

Session configuration mode

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

## Examples

This example shows how to save a configuration session to a file in bootflash:

switch# configure session MySession
switch(config-s)# save bootflash:sessions/MySession

Command	Description	
configure session	Creates or modifies a configuration session.	
delete	Deletes a file from a location.	

## send

To send a message to the active user sessions, use the **send** command.

send [session line] text

## **Syntax Description**

session line	(Optional) Specifies a user session.
text	Text string. The text string can be up to 80 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.

#### **Command Default**

Sends a message to all active user sessions.

## **Command Modes**

EXEC mode

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

You can use the **show users** command to display information about the active user sessions.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to send a message to all active user sessions on the switch:

switch# send The system will reload in 15 minutes!

The system will reload in 15 minutes!

This example shows how to send a message to a specific user session:

switch# send session pts/0 You must log off the switch.

Command	Description
show users	Displays the active user sessions on the switch.

## session-limit

To configure the maximum number of the concurrent virtual terminal sessions on a device, use the **session-limit** command. To revert to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

session-limit sessions

no session-limit sessions

#### **Syntax Description**

#### **Command Default**

32 sessions

#### **Command Modes**

Terminal line configuration mode

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

## **Examples**

This example shows how to configure the maximum number of concurrent virtual terminal sessions:

```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# line vty
switch(config-line)# session-limit 48
```

This example shows how to revert to the default maximum number of concurrent virtual terminal sessions:

```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# line vty
switch(config-line)# no session-limit 48
```

Command	Description	
line vty	Enters the virtual terminal configuration mode.	
show running-config	Displays the running configuration.	

## setup

To enter the basic device setup dialog, use the **setup** command.

setup [ficon]

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ficon (	(Optional	) Runs the	basic ficon s	setup command facility.

## **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

EXEC mode

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

The setup script uses the factory-default values, not the values that you have configured. You can exit the dialog at any point by pressing **Ctrl-C**.

## Examples

This example shows how to enter the basic device setup script:

switch# setup

Command	Description
show running-config	Displays the running configuration.

# sleep

To cause the command-line interface (CLI) to pause before displaying the prompt, use the **sleep** command.

sleep seconds

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Number of seconds. The range is from 0 to 2147403047.	seconds	Number of seconds. The range is from 0 to 2147483647.
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#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

EXEC mode

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

You can use this command in command scripts to delay the execution of the script.

## Examples

This example shows how to cause the CLI to pause for 5 seconds before displaying the prompt: switch# sleep 5

Command	Description
run-script	Runs command scripts.

## speed

To configure the transmit and receive speed for the console port, use the **speed** command. To revert to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

speed speed

no speed speed

## **Syntax Description**

speed	Speed in bits per second. Valid speeds are 300, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600,
	19200, 38400, 57600, or 115200.

#### **Command Default**

The default console port speed is 9600 bits per second.

#### **Command Modes**

Terminal line configuration mode

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

You can configure the console port only from a session on the console port.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to configure the speed for the console port:

switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# line console
switch(config-console)# speed 57600

This example shows how to revert to the default speed for the console port:

switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# line console
switch(config-console)# no speed 57600

Command	Description
line console	Enters the console terminal configuration mode.
show running-config	Displays the running configuration.

# stopbits

To configure the stop bits for the console port, use the **stopbits** command. To revert to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

stopbits  $\{1 \mid 2\}$ 

no stopbits  $\{1 \mid 2\}$ 

## **Syntax Description**

1	Specifies one stop bit.
2	Specifies two stop bits.

#### **Command Default**

1 stop bit

#### **Command Modes**

Terminal line configuration mode

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

You can configure the console port only from a session on the console port.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to configure the number of stop bits for the console port:

switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# line console
switch(config-console)# stopbits 2

This example shows how to revert to the default number of stop bits for the console port:

switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# line console
switch(config-console)# no stopbits 2

Command	Description
line console	Enters the console terminal configuration mode.
show running-config	Displays the running configuration.

## **switchname**

To configure the hostname for the device, use the **switchname** command. To revert to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

switchname name

no switchname

## **Syntax Description**

name	Name for the device. The name is alphanumeric, case sensitive, can contain
	special characters, and can have a maximum of 63 characters.

Defaults

switch

**Command Modes** 

Global configuration mode

#### **SupportedUserRoles**

network-admin vdc-admin

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
7.3(0)N1(1)	This command was modified. The character limit of a switch name is increased from 32 to 63 alphanumeric characters.
4.0(1)	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

The Cisco NX-OS software uses the hostname in command-line interface (CLI) prompts and in default configuration filenames.

The **switchname** command performs the same function as the **hostname** command.

This command does not require a license.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to configure the device hostname:

switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# switchname Engineering2
Engineering2(config)#

This example shows how to revert to the default device hostname:

Engineering2# configure terminal
Engineering2(config)# no switchname
switch(config)#

## system cores

To configure the destination for the system core, use the **system cores** command. To revert to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

system cores tftp:tftp\_URL [vrf management]

no system cores

## **Syntax Description**

tftp:	Specifies a TFTP server.
tftp_URL	URL for the destination file system and file. Use the following format:
	[//server[:port]][/path/]filename
vrf management	(Optional) Specifies to use the management virtual routing and forwarding (VRF).

## **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

Interface configuration mode

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

## Examples

This example shows how to configure a core file:

switch# configure terminal

switch(config)# system cores tftp://serverA:69/core\_file

This example shows how to disable system core logging:

switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# no system cores

Command	Description
show system cores	Displays the core filename.

# system startup-config unlock

To unlock the startup configuration file, use the system startup-config unlock command.

system startup-config unlock process-id

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process-id	Identifier of the process that has locked the startup-configuration file.

#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

EXEC mode

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

Use the **show system internal sysmgr startup-config locks** command to display the locks on the startup configuration file.

## Examples

This example shows how to unlock the startup-configuration file:

switch# system startup-config unlock 10

Command	Description
show startup-config	Displays the startup configuration information.

system startup-config unlock